



Go to the World's Fair on the Daily Intelligencer Plan.

A CRUEL MURDER

Followed By a Robbery in Washington, Pa., Yesterday.

THE VICTIM A COUNCILMAN

And a Prominent and Popular Colored Citizen.

HE IS STOPPED BY TWO MEN

One of Whom Shoots Him Dead—His Clothes Riddled of a Gold Watch, Diamond Stud and Masonic Pin. The Victim is Well Known in Wheeling—Two Men in the Lockup Here Under the Ban of Suspicion—The Robbers Frightened Away by a Woman's Screams Who Saw the Deed.

Chief of Police McNichol received a telegram yesterday, stating that Samuel W. Dorsey, a colored barber of Washington, Pa., had been cruelly murdered and robbed by two colored highwaymen early yesterday morning, and asking him to be on the lookout for the murderers. The Associated Press telegram below gives the details of the horrible crime.

According to latest accounts the right men had not been captured. When the train from Washington, Pa., pulled into the B. & O. depot last evening Officer Carney noticed two suspicious characters get off, and immediately collared them. They were taken to police headquarters where they gave their names as Charles Jackson and Fred Jones, and claimed Fairmont, W. Va., as their home. They were searched, but no evidence of the crime was found upon them.

The story telegraphed that one of the parties was trying to sell a diamond stud in this city without foundation. Jackson and Jones evidently know nothing of the horrible affair, and will in all probability be liberated to-day. But the caution of Chief McNichols can not be too highly commended in holding them until he receives a perfect description of the men who committed the murder.

The murdered man was well known in Wheeling colored circles, and everyone spoken to last night gave him the highest character as a citizen. He was quite well off, was a councilman from the Third ward, and was the most inoffensive of men. The people of his race in this city greatly deplore his tragic death, and will aid to their utmost in the capture of the villains. Dorsey carried a life insurance policy for \$5,000. His father, aged about eighty years, is still living.

THE STORY OF THE MURDER.

The Victim a Councilman of Washington, and a Wealthy Man.

An Associated Press dispatch from Washington, Pa., last night, conveys the following particulars of the crime: "Samuel Dorsey, probably the most widely known and prosperous colored citizen in Washington county, was foully and most mysteriously murdered at this place to-day for his money. He was shot through the brain, and was not given the slightest chance for defense. Dorsey has been for years the proprietor of the largest barber shop in Washington.

On Saturday night he was at his place of business, working with his men until midnight. Shortly after that time his barbers left him, while he was engaged in counting his money, the work for the day being finished. Nothing more was seen of him after this, and it is supposed that he remained at the shop until almost 1 o'clock Sunday morning. It was ten minutes after that hour when Nellie Roberts, who lives on East Chestnut street, heard a cry of horror, and a pistol shot. She immediately sprang to the window, and beheld two men who were exposed to the glare of the electric light, bent over the prostrate body of a man, who snatched a gold watch from his vest, rifled his pockets and tore a diamond stud from his shirt front.

Other persons had heard the shot and appeared on the street. A light was procured and the body of Dorsey was found in a half leaping position against the fence, one hand thrust in the side pocket of his overcoat, and a cigar still burning, was between his teeth. Close inspection revealed the death wound. The highwayman had thrust a revolver within a foot of his face and had shot him directly through the right eye. Death was instantaneous. In the hurried search of the murderers and robbers, they had failed to find \$150, which was in the dead man's vest.

Searching parties were at once organized, but the darkness concealed the flight of the two murderers. However, the officers arrested Lee Cook, a colored man, with rather a hard reputation in town, on suspicion. At daybreak a strange negro was arrested two miles east of town. Neither of these, however, are believed to know anything in regard to the crime.

Samuel Dorsey, the murdered man, was the city councilman from the Third ward, and was in very prosperous circumstances.

It is generally believed here that the murder was committed by persons who knew the dead man intimately. The theory accepted by most persons is that the highwaymen followed him, and on showing their weapons and demanding his money were recognized. The killing was then necessary to avoid punishment.

The town this evening is wild with excitement. Three clues are being worked. The telegraph operator at Wyland Station, six miles east of here, wires that a man tried to sell a gold watch with a broken chain there this afternoon. Chief of Police Rankin and Officer Orr have gone to that place. Wheeling, W. Va., police report that two strangers offered a diamond stud for sale there. All trains are being stopped and searched. A report from Johnston's, on the Charters branch, says Detective Bolton and a posse have two men penned up in a coal shaft."

WRITTEN MURDERERS CAUGHT.

Seven Men Concerned in the Awful Crime. One of Them Makes a Full Confession. His Arrest Caused by His Wife.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Oct. 22.—A special to the *Sentinel* from Washington, Ind., says: At last the guilty murderers of the Wrattan family are in the toils of the law.

Five of the suspects arrested and taken to Jeffersonville two weeks ago were rightly suspected, but it was not through them that the heinous criminals were exposed.

Last Saturday the grand jury ordered the arrest of James Stone, the man who came to the Wrattan house early Tuesday morning and first discovered the terrible tragedy. His arrest was caused through his own wife, who appeared before the grand jury and testified that Stone arose in the night and complained of a violent toothache, and that he was going to a dentist to have it extracted; that he did not return until a late hour and then being covered with blood, he asked for a change of clothes; that Stone maintained that the blood on his clothes was caused by the bleeding of his tooth. On inquiry it was found that no doctor or dentist had extracted a tooth from Stone. This was deemed strong evidence, especially when coming from the man's wife.

As soon as Stone was brought to town the grand jury went to work to obtain a confession from him.

At first he strenuously denied everything, but being assured that clemency would be guaranteed to him if he made a confession, he, at midnight, yielded to their overtures. He told his story about as follows:

Knowing that Mrs. Wrattan kept a great deal of money about the house, Grandison Cosby, a notorious character in this country, planned a robbery. A gang of seven persons, that formed a sort of society for robberies and general hellishness, was notified of this plan. Their names are Grandison Cosby, Lon Williams, Martin Yarbber, of this city; William Kays, of Pike county; John W. White, Gipp Clark and James Stone.

The plan was that Yarbber and Clark should go into the house and commit the robbery while the others were to stand guard. At the time when the robbery was to be committed Cosby and Stone had not yet arrived. Cosby was in the city Monday evening, and was so drunk that he got past going, and did not reach the house at all, but Stone arrived after the murder had been committed, and because he was late the other conspirators wallowed him in the blood of the victims, and in that condition permitted him to go home, and that was the nail that fastened down the lids of their coffins.

They could not find a cent of the money. As Stone did not arrive until the six murders were committed, he does not know why they killed the Wrattan family.

All the criminals were arrested and taken to Jeffersonville last night. Williams and Kays were already in Jeffersonville prison. Brown, another suspect, who was taken to Jeffersonville, had no connection with the tragedy, and he will be released. The excitement to-day is more intense than ever. Woe to the murderers if a Davies county delegation can lay hands on them.

IN DARKEST CHICAGO.

Ladies of the W. C. T. U. Go Through it Under Police Protection.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Seven members of the Women's Christian Temperance Congress, which closed its sessions Saturday night, will carry away from Chicago a knowledge of its darker side, which will, no doubt, become the foundation of many addresses in advocacy of social purity and temperance. The experience which the crusaders gained was found in a series of "slumming" tours under police protection through the "leaves" district of Chicago. The party comprised the following well known members of the Indiana Women's Christian Temperance Union: Miss Mollie Hay, of Indianapolis; Mrs. E. L. Calkins, of South Bend; Mrs. Ella Moore, of Lakeville; Mrs. Emily Tompkins, of Elkhart; Mrs. Addie Fields and Miss Leonard Ayers, of Indianapolis; Mrs. L. Mendenhall, and Mrs. Gertrude Fulton, of Richmond.

They were escorted by two detectives from the Central station, and Charles L. Stevens, of the "Levee," and R. S. Fulton, of Richmond, Ind. The party met at Harrison street station at one o'clock in the morning, and at once started out to visit the most notorious dives. At the first place they were denied admission, because too many people were there already, but received an invitation to come again, and they would be shown through the place. At one place all the men save one fled from the house. This man was drunk and insisted upon having a dance with one of the missionaries. He was finally squelched by one of the officers. The trip occupied three hours and at its close Miss Hay, who has done missionary work in the slums before, said:

"I have been through every part of New York and have seen life in its worst forms. This does not compare with what there is here. It is bad enough, however. It was an experience which the ladies who were with me will never forget, and from which some of them will not recover for some time. Not that they were made ill, but the shock they received on beholding such scenes of vice was very distressing to many of our party. I have seen but one of the ladies to-day, and on inquiry as to how the rest were I received the answer that few of them had slept at all last night. The information received will enable them to conduct the warfare against the evils of vice and intemperance."

A BIG SUNDAY.

Large Crowd at the World's Fair Yesterday—Attendance Last Week.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The daily attendance at the fair during the week was less by several thousand than that of the preceding week. The Manhattan Day attendance did not reach 300,000. The crowd was not sufficiently large to cause discomfort and the interesting programme was thoroughly enjoyed.

The fair was thronged with visitors to-day. It was probably the largest crowd ever assembled at the exposition on Sunday.

Paid admissions to the fair to-day were 140,578; passes, 11,022; total, 152,206.

ANOTHER BAD WRECK.

This Time on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Road—Several Seriously Hurt. Caused by a Fog.

LIMA, O., Oct. 22.—A bad wreck occurred on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago road in a dense fog at Monroeville, west of the city, at an early hour this morning. The west-bound vestibule train No. 25 was running in several sections, and the second one was standing at a switch near Monroeville awaiting the arrival of the second section of the east-bound passenger train No. 4.

It was about 6 o'clock and the fog hung so heavily that it was impossible to see farther than a few feet ahead of the engine. The westbound train was standing close up to the switch and was in charge of Conductor Phipps and Engineer Day, of engine 100. The east-bound train was in charge of Conductor Guinter and Engineer Cowan, of engine 131. The train was late and was running at a good speed, but owing to the fog and the engineer's inability to see where he was, Engineer Cowan had commenced to slow up, as he thought it was about time for him to reach the switch. Suddenly there loomed up in front of him an engine, and before he could jump they crashed into each other and were piled up in a wreck.

Engineer Cowan was frightfully scalded and was taken from his engine by passengers who had escaped injury. Fireman Daily was caught and badly hurt. One of his legs was broken, and it is thought he is injured internally. Brakeman Fred Hunt was found lying near the track unconscious, and suffering from wounds which may result fatally. The first car from the engine was not damaged, but the two following were smashed and some of the passengers hurt, two of them seriously. They are Mrs. Anna Smith of North Jackson, Pa. The former has a bad cut on her head and is otherwise injured, while the latter is cut and bruised.

On the west-bound train the engineer and fireman escaped, but the tender of the engine, which was driven completely through the baggage car, caught Baggage Master Stevens and pinned him under the debris, and it is thought, fatally hurt him. The injured trainmen were sent to the hospital at Fort Wayne, Ind. The wreck was cleared so that trains could pass in a few hours. The engines were badly damaged.

"HARD TIMES."

How They Are Being Felt Throughout Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—The *Press* this morning publishes correspondence from nearly every town of importance in the state, showing the condition of business. The reports are not of the most cheerful nature, and the *Press* summarizes them as follows:

While it is difficult to obtain actual figures, Pittsburgh reports half its usual number of wage workers idle and many many manufacturers that are in operation are running half time. Details given from Reading, Chester, South Bethlehem, Easton, Harrisburg, Altoona, Wilkesbarre, Williamsport, Lebanon, Pottsville, Allentown, Chambersburg, Lancaster, Carlisle and Conneville show that industrial affairs are far below the normal, shops running half and on third time, or closed, the output cut down; relief committees organized for the first time and other features that mark for many thousands of the workmen of the state "hard times."

London Socialists.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Social Democratic Federation held a demonstration in Trafalgar Square to-day. The attendance was small. In the procession one of the banners carried described Home Secretary Asquith as a murderer. Avelling and Hyndman were among the speakers.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

McElhany & Co.'s store, in Bentleyville, Washington county, was robbed of clothing.

Mayor Ferrell, of Steubenville, is one of the prominent Ohio converts to McKinleyism.

The number of dead from the Battle Creek disaster is now 23. There are 14 unidentified dead.

An express package containing \$3,000 was lost in transit between Lima, Ohio, and Ft. Wayne, Ind., a few days ago.

Thomas Dolan has closed his woolen mills at Philadelphia, and 2,000 men are out of work. Mr. Dolan blames the tariff.

The Campania has again broken the eastbound Atlantic record—time, five days, fifteen hours and thirty-seven minutes.

At Stromsburg, Neb., members of the W. C. T. U., disguised as White Caps, severely flogged some girls of loose character.

Internal Revenue Collector Gilkeson has seized large quantities of tobacco on the Norfolk & Western railroad for insufficient stamping.

Anthony Drexel, jr., surprised New York business men by retiring from active business. Mr. Drexel desires to devote himself to society.

G. W. Clipp, in charge of the British South Africa exhibit at the World's Fair, committed suicide by shooting himself in a Chicago suburb.

The schooner Mary J. Cook, from Port Royal for Boston, has been given up as lost. She had a crew of seven men and was worth about \$10,000.

The striking Louisville & Nashville shopmen held a secret meeting at Louisville yesterday, and after discussing the situation fully resolved upon a complete surrender.

The coroner's jury's verdict in the great Hooper murder mystery at Toronto, Ont., is to the effect that Mrs. Hooper died under suspicious circumstances, and from causes unknown.

Francis H. Weeks, the New York millionaire who disappeared, leaving a shortage of \$70,000, has been surrendered by Costa Rica authorities and is now on his way to New York.

Bolivians don't like the idea of the United States sending a colored man to them as this country's minister. Mr. Taylor, a negro, has been nominated by the President for the place.

COMPROMISE MAY FAIL.

Though All Conditions Are Favorable to Success,

BUT ANOTHER WEEK OF SPEECHES

Is Ahead, at Any Rate—Little Prospect of Concluding the Debate This Week, Even Though the Compromise Bill is Brought in To-day. Some Senators Who Want to be Heard Further—The House Forecast.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—The silver question will probably again occupy the attention of the senate to the exclusion of every other subject, unless it be some minor matter like the confirmation of presidential appointments. Even though the compromise bill be brought on to-morrow there is little prospect of concluding the consideration of the question before the latter part of the week.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, who has spoken already on three different days, announced last night that he would require parts of two or three days more for the conclusion of his remarks. Senator Teller also has on hand a speech which he began two or three weeks since which he would like to have an opportunity to conclude. There are probably others of the silver advocates who are similarly situated. They will be given opportunity to present the matter prepared, even though the adjustment of the question shall be definitely settled.

There will also in all probability be many speeches in explanation of votes upon the compromise, but these will be comparatively brief.

There is a possibility that the compromise may fail, though all the probabilities are in favor of its success. If it should fail the throttle will be thrown wide again and no one can foretell what the week might bring forth. Such a state of affairs would almost certainly force the senate into a fierce fight over the rules. It is probable that Senator Voorhees will make a summing up speech during the week if the compromise amendment is introduced.

There has been nothing done to-day in the way of getting additional supporters to the proposed compromise, but it is the intention of the leaders of the movement to push the matter at once and secure sufficient signers to secure favorable action. It is their hope to obtain the consent by telegram to have the names of some of the absentees attached to the bill.

The course of events in the house during the coming week will hinge upon the result of the effort to put through the compromise at the other end of the capitol. If the compromise should reach the house before the consideration of the bankruptcy bill, which is made a continuing order beginning to-morrow, is disposed of, that order will be vacated to the end that prompt action may be had in the financial measure. It is not expected, however, that the compromise bill will reach the house until the latter end of the week. Unless it becomes apparent that there might be a delay in committee, the bill will be referred under the bill to the coinage, weights and measures committee. If there is a disposition to hold it there a motion will be made to concur in the senate amendments when the bill is taken from the speaker's table. The attitude of the Republicans toward the bill will be governed by the course of the Republican senators. The silver Democrats, too, except perhaps a few extremists, will follow the lead of their political brethren of the senate. In fact, no sort of doubt is said to exist about the house. It will pass, and pass with expedition, any compromise that goes through the senate.

The bankruptcy bill, unless the financial measure dislodges it, will probably occupy the entire week.

Much opposition to the measure in its present form has developed. Messrs. Culbertson and Bailey, Democrats, and William A. Stone, Republican, of the committee which reported the bill, are among its opponents.

All the Democratic members of the ways and means committee engaged in the preparation of tariff bill agree that it is desirable to have the bill reported to the senate at the earliest day possible, and most of them think it can be reported at least within a month.

The income tax sentiment is growing among the Democrats of the house. It is admitted that some other taxation than is now in force is necessary.

THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION.

It Is Said That He Will Not Favor the Compromise Bill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A man high in the councils of the administration said to-night:

"The President adheres to the position that the purchasing clause of the Sherman law should be unconditionally repealed. The lower house of Congress voted for the repeal by an overwhelming majority, the majority in the senate are in favor of unconditional repeal, and the sentiment of the country demands the passage of the pending bill. It is not true that Secretary Carlisle has been in favor of the compromise which was subscribed to by a number of senators on Saturday. He and other members of the cabinet are opposed to the measure."

The Emperor at Dresden.

DRESDEN, Oct. 22.—Kaiser Wilhelm arrived here at 5:30 p. m. He comes to attend the military jubilee of King Albert of Saxony. Prince George of Saxony and numerous high officers, attended by a guard of honor, met the emperor at the railroad station. The emperor was conducted to the palace in an open carriage drawn by four horses. The streets were crowded and the masses were very enthusiastic. He was cordially welcomed by King Albert.

This evening a banquet was given in honor of the imperial guest. Three hundred and forty people were present. Emperor Wilhelm proposed the health of King Albert in a laudatory speech.

NO PRIZE FIGHTS.

But the Robey Arena Will Be Used for Legitimate Sports.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Oct. 22.—A special to the *Sentinel* from Hammond, Ind., says: In this city during the past week an organization was perfected and articles of association drawn which will be incorporated as the Hammond Club to take possession of the Robey arena to give contests of science and skill that will come wholly within the law passed by the last legislature.

The members of the new organization are all residents of Hammond and are among the most influential citizens and wealthiest men of Lake county.

There will be no more prize fights, as the members believe that should they attempt to pull off a fight Governor Matthews would order out the militia.

FLOWER IS MUM.

He Will Not Say If He Had a Hand in Stopping the Fight.

New York, Oct. 22.—If Governor Flower had a hand in stopping the Mitchell-Corbett fight at Coney Island, he will not say so. He was seen in a corridor of the Hoffman House to-day and asked whether it was his intention to prevent the fight. He replied that such action on his part was unnecessary as the requisite action had been taken by the authorities of Kings county, and there was nothing for him to do.

Governor Flower added that no complaint had been made to him by anybody concerning the fight and that no charges had been made in this connection against Sheriff Courtney, of Kings county.

A NEGRO LYNCHED

After Confessing to a Horrible Crime Committed in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Oct. 22.—Friday evening, near Pikeville, thirty miles north of here, an orphan girl, Miss Rosa Poring, was found dead in a secluded spot with her throat cut from ear to ear. She had been outraged before being murdered.

A despatch to the *Times* says a negro named Gamble was arrested this morning charged with the murder of Miss Poring and made a complete confession. "This afternoon a mob of infuriated citizens forcibly took Gamble from the officers and strung him up to a tree, a few yards from the scene of his diabolical crime."

Old Ferryboat Explodes.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 22.—The old ferryboat Bellevue, which has for the past six months seen service as towboat between this city and Moscow, Ohio, exploded one of her boilers while lying at the wharf foot of Ludlow street at 1:30 p. m. to-day. Five men and one woman on board were blown into the water or stunned by the explosion. Rebe Simmons, the fireman, was dangerously but it is not thought fatally scalded. Both he and Frank Rose, the pilot, and the captain were taken to the hospital, the latter suffering from severe bruises about the head. None of the others were seriously injured.

The Stirling Boiler Victorious.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—The Stirling boiler has been victorious at the World's Fair. The Stirling Company, whose extensive plant is located at Barborton, Ohio, have received the highest award for their water tube safety boiler. Their exhibit was made only after a vigorous fight in the courts to which their competitors appealed with a view of preventing the Stirling boilers being installed. The award is a gratifying official endorsement of a boiler that is meeting with unparalleled popularity wherever it is known.

Beginning of the End.

New York, Oct. 22.—The *Herald's* special Berlin dispatch says: It was rumored late last evening that Count Von Eulenberg, president of the Prussian ministry, has, owing to a difference between himself and Count Von Caprivi over the Russian commercial treaty, sent his resignation to the emperor.

Count Von Eulenberg is also considered one of the strongest German statesmen and has of late taken sides with the Agricultural party against the chancellor. It is said that this is the beginning of a powerful effort to oust Count Von Caprivi from his present position.

War on Caprivi.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says that the agricultural conservators are carrying on an unprecedented violent campaign against Chancellor Von Caprivi, and are striving to produce an imposing demonstration of Prussian opinion inimical to him, in the hope of overthrowing the emperor in his capacity as king of Prussia.

Tragedy at Kenova.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Oct. 22.—The baggage master at Kenova for the line of the N. & W. railroad, six miles below this city, had a difficulty with Eli Smith. In the encounter Murray shot Smith in the abdomen and the latter died this afternoon. Murray has fled.

Awards on Bath Tubs, Plumbers' Supplies, Etc.

WORLD'S FAIR, CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—The Standard Manufacturing Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa., received the highest awards (four in number) on Bath Tubs, Hollow Ware, Plumbers' Iron Ware and Sanitary Goods. The goods of this company stand the highest in the country. The awards made are considered a fitting recognition of their merit.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia, fair, except in western portion of West Virginia; west winds, probably becoming fresh and brisker over Lake Ontario and eastern Lake Erie.

For Ohio, fair, except rain in extreme western portion; easterly winds, fresh over Lake Erie.

THE TEMPERATURE SATURDAY, as furnished by G. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m.	55	5 p. m.	64
9 a. m.	58	7 p. m.	62
12 m.	62	Weather—Fair.	

7 a. m.	50	5 p. m.	78
9 a. m.	54	7 p. m.	69
12 m.	71	Weather—Clear.	

So EASY in its action, harmless and effectual in relieving is Simmons Liver Regulator.

POMP AND CEREMONY

Of Peace and War Mark the Occasion of the

FUNERAL OF MARSHAL MACMAHON.

Beautiful Floral Tributes From Other European Nations—All Paris Turns Out to Honor the Memory of the Great General—Thousands Crowd the Streets to Witness the Cortege. Other Foreign News.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Amid all the pomp of peace and war the remains of Marshal MacMahon, ex-president of France, and duke of Magenta, were conveyed to-day from the church of La Madeleine across the river Seine to the hotel Des Invalides, there to rest until the great reveille is sounded by the heavenly trumpeter.

The modest hearse bearing the ex-president's remains was followed from the railroad station by two old servants of the dead soldier who carried the marshal's baton, decorations and other insignia of office. The insignia of the marshal of France was displayed on black velvet cushions and the little cortege was respectfully saluted by the crowds of merry-makers flocking the streets in consequence of the festivities prepared in honor of the Russian sailors.

The coffin, covered with its black pall, domed with silver stars and various other decorations, was borne at 9:30 a. m. from the front of the main altar, where it had rested all night, and was placed upon a catafalque beneath the grand portico of La Madeleine.

When the guard of honor had cleared the necessary space in front of the church, countless beautiful wreaths, crosses and pillows of flowers were placed upon and around the casket containing the body of Marshal MacMahon.

Among the floral offerings was a beautiful display of lilacs, lilies and roses, sent by Queen Victoria, and inscribed with the words, "Regrets and profound sympathy." The prince of Wales sent a handsome pillow of tea roses and chrysanthemums, inscribed, "A tribute of admiration for an illustrious soldier."

The floral offering which attracted the most attention was sent by Emperor William of Germany, and was composed of violets and lilacs, with a large palm leaf, in the center of which was written the letter "W" and the imperial crown.

The floral tribute of the Russians was surmounted by a laurel crown, to which was attached a broad white silk ribbon, upon which was embroidered, "Russian Mediterranean Squadron."

King Humbert, of Italy, the city of Milan and a number of Italian officers sent beautiful wreaths of flowers to be placed upon the casket containing the remains of the famous general, but the largest of all was the offering of the French army; it was composed of roses, marguerites and carnations.

Shortly before half past ten the entire route, leading from the church of La Madeleine to the Hotel Des Invalides, had been lined with troops which kept the roadway clear for the passage of the hearse. At 10:30 General Boissodolro, chief of the general staff of the French army, and General Saussier, the general in command of the Paris garrison, arrived in front of La Madeleine, followed by two German attaches of the imperial embassy. All were in brilliant uniforms and the two generals were escorted by Hussars and dragoons. Soon after the French generals and German officers had reached La Madeleine, the Russian visiting officers, headed by Admiral Avellan, also arrived at the church in full dress uniform. The arrival of the Russians caused a commotion among the people assembled, and it was easy to be seen that it needed but a starting signal to have raised one of those outbursts of cheering which are now so familiar to the czar's sailors when they make their appearance in the streets of Paris.

The Russians were saluted by the representatives of the French army and by the German attaches.

The streets were packed with people, crowded into something like order by the long lines of infantry drawn up against the sidewalks; all the windows and balconies were filled with people, and every available house top was covered with interested spectators.

The head of the funeral procession reached the Hotel Des Invalides at 1 p. m. and was carried to the chapel, which was richly decorated with black and silver draperies, and where it was received by Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of Paris, who officiated at the last religious ceremonies over the dead, which lasted fully one hour.

At the conclusion of the religious services the coffin was conveyed to the court of honor, which is enclosed with arcades adorned with paintings and representing scenes from the time of Charlemagne, Louis XIV. and Napoleon I. While the body was in the court of honor, M. Dupuy, minister of public instruction, and General Loxillon, minister of war, delivered stirring orations over the body of the veteran soldier.

A most impressive march of the troops at the Hotel Des Invalides followed. The members of the diplomatic corps witnessed the soldiers' death march from a position which they took upon the right side of the entrance to the Esplanade, and the Russian sailors witnessed the same ceremony from the left side of the entrance.

After this last ceremony and last tribute of respect upon the part of the military authorities, the coffin containing the body of Marshal MacMahon was slowly borne to the vault reserved for marshals of France, which is situated beneath the chapel.

Steamship News.

GLASGOW, Oct. 22.—Arrived—City of Rome and Ethiopia, New York.

HAVRE, Oct. 22.—Arrived—La Gasconne, New York.

New York, Oct. 22.—Arrived—Furnessia, Liverpool.

DIED.

DUDLEY—On Monday, October 23, 1893, at 12:35 a. m. MARY ALBERTA, daughter of William R. and Carrie M. Dudley, aged 3 years, 4 months and 18 days. Funeral notice hereafter.